The Sonoma News.

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PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Important Information Gathered Around the Coast.

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST.

A Summary of Late Events That Are Rolled Down to Suit Our Busy Readers.

Palo Alto, Cal., has voted to issue $40,000 sewer bonds.

Near Chino, Cal., are daily quarried 20 tons limestone.

Hawaii, U. S. A., proposes to quadruple its sugar output by 1902.

The Northern Pacific Railway is completed to Hoquiam, Wash.

The McCloud River, Cal., Railway is being extended to Bartles.

Washington estimates the total hop crop of the State this season at 30,000 bales.

Spokane, Wash., Portland, Or., and San Francisco are now connected by long-distance telephone.

Myrtle logs are shipped from Marshfield, Or., to San Francisco by S. R. Davis for the Union Iron Works for blocking in the new dry dock.

Four lime kilns are kept steadily burning at Roche Harbor, Wash. A shipment of 8000 barrels of lime was recently loaded from that point.

The San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Railroad will pass into the hands of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad about January 1st, '99.

Blair & Barnes, Valley Center, Cal., are bottling rattlesnake oil. They recently captured 60 snakes in one den. Each snake nets them 75 cents.

The Tacoma, Wash., Mill Co. has an order for 1000 M feet of fir lumber for shipment to Hamburg, Germany, and includes 200 M feet ship's decking.

The San Francisco Harbor Commissioners will charge the California State Board of Trade $115 per month for its new quarters in the Ferry building.

The Mt. Whitney Elecrtic Power Co. is diverting water from the Kaweah river, Tulare, Cal., to furnish power and light to Visalia, Tulare and Porterville.

Yield of dry wines in California this year is estimated 8,000,000 gallons, as against 27,000,000 gallons last year. Lower values, it is figured, will show one-half the production of '97.

The Northern Pacific will build a short line between Missoula, Mont., and Pasco, Wash., making a cutoff and saving over 100 miles of distance in the line between St. Paul and the coast.

The report of the director of the Geological Survey upon the production of crude petroleum for the year 1897 shows that California yielded 1,993,411 barrels, an increase of 51.93 per cent over that of 1896.

Total tonnage of beets delivered at the Chino, Cal., factory this season is 35,000 tons. The season closes November 15th with a probable total of 50,000 tons. The sugar content of the beets averages 14 per cent sugar.

The Carbonado, Wash., coal mines shipped 5,000 tons during September, beating all previous records. Roslyn had held the record with 30,000 tons. The Carbonado mines owned by the Southern Pacific Railroad Co. are running full time and employ 600 men averaging $3.29 a day wages.

During June, July, August and September, '98, there were shipped from Washington 8028 cars lumber. The increase in lumber shipments from Washington has been more pronounced this year than that of shingles. The first nine months of '98 show 133,424,000 feet, as against 92,44,000 feet in the corresponding months of '97.

D. E. Brown, general agent Pacific Railway and Steamship Co., Hongkong, says the Oriental trade of the last five years should more than double in the next five years owing to increased transportation facilities and to the close relations that will have to exist hereafter between this country and the Orient, as the result of holding the Phippine islands.

One of the results of the survey of the mouth of the Yukon river this summer by Capt. Pratt of the Coast and Geodetic Survey is to add an area of 2500 square miles to Uncle Sam's domain. Capt. Pratt found that the south mouth of the Yukon emptied into Bering sea, twenty-five miles farther west than has been supposed. In addition to this, it was found that the whole coast line from Cape Dyer almost to St. Michael is farther west than is shown on the maps.

There are in California six counties which sustain a local tax rate exceeding $2 — Mariposa, Mono, Plumas, Sierra, Trinity and Tuolumne. All are mining counties in which a large amount of money is expended annually in repairing and maintaining roads. There are in the State eighteen counties which sustain a general rate of over $2 —that is to say, a tax rate of over $2 when the State rate is included. The highest rate is in Sierra—$3. The lowest rate is in Fresno—county tax, 56 cents; total for State and county, $1.05. High tax rates in the mining counties have always been a feature of California government. The amount of assessable property in these counties is small and great difficulty is experienced by assessors in getting taxes. In some mining counties there are large quantities of Government land which cannot be assessed, and to procure money for the maintenance of government high values is placed upon property worth holding.

CAUSE FOR DISMISSAL.

The Civil Service Commission Issues a Circular.

Washington. — The Civil Service Commission has issued a circular which is being sent to the members of the 700 boards of examiners throughout the country on the "Political Activity of Federal Officers and Employes." It calls attention to extracts from the Executive instructions of July 14, 1896, which, the circular says, are still in force, and which are republished for the information and guidance of all officers and employes in the executive civil service. The circular then says:

"The Postmaster-General, in a letter dated August 8, 1898, stated that the order of the President above quoted has been neither revoked nor modified.

"Those who enter the classified service upon the ground of ascertained merit as established by the civil service rules, and are protected therein, should be quick to recognize the reciprocal regulations thereby imposed, and avoid any action which, now or at any future time, could reasonably be subject to adverse criticism. The Commission believes that the interests of the service will be promoted by non-partisanship on the part of the members of its boards of examiners in political convention as a delegate, or membership upon a political committee, is not in itself a violation of the civil service rules, the Commission holds that all partisan activity, if sufficient to impair usefulness as representative of the Civil Service Commission, is sufficient to cause removal from membership on any of its boards of examiners.

Section 2 of the civil Act of January, 1883, provides that no person in the service has any right to use his official authority or influence to coerce the political action of any person or body."

Machinery and Labor.

Washington. — The results of a thorough investigation ordered by Congress and just completed showing the effects of machinery on labor and incidental questions constitute the thirteenth annual report of the Commissioner of Labor. The statistics of cost reported involve only the actual labor expense. The report goes into details, and, among other things, says:

"There would be no quarrel with the conclusion that machinery has lowered the cost of products, and when it is known that under the machine method there is an increased demand for labor, as a rule, the bearing of the supply of labor becomes problematical. Sometimes there is a lack, often times a surplus of labor. The statistical method, as in the effect upon wages, becomes indicative of the truth, and to those who believe machinery has in general lowered cost, conclusive."

Secretary Gage Wins.

Washington.—Judge Cox, in the District Supreme Court, decided the cases of George B. Wightman and William H. Wharton against Secretary Gage in favor of the Secretary of the Treasury. One suit sought an injunction and the other a mandamus, the basis of complaint in each being the rejection by the Secretary of the Treasury of bids submitted for the recent war loan bond issue by the complainants.

Secretary Gage rejected the bids, believing the bidders really represented certain institutions. Judge Cox held that under the act of Congress the Secretary of the Treasury had discretion in the award of the bonds, and that the intent of Congress was that they should go to individuals to the exclusion of banks and corporations.

The Railroad Must Pay.

New York.—Jacob Litt, the theatrical manager, has obtained a verdict for $8000 against the Wabash Railroad in the Second Judicial Court in Long Island City. The suit was brought to recover the value of scenery, properties, baggage and horses used by Mr. Litt in his production of "In Old Kentucky," destroyed by the burning of a baggage car of a special train of the Wabash line near Kansas City in January, 1896.

The case has been closely watched by theatrical managers because it is said to be the first instance wherein a railroad company has contested a claim for damages resulting from the destruction of baggage and scenery in transit.

Admiral Schley in Command.

Washington.—Admiral Schley has been by orders of the Navy Department placed in command of the naval station at San Juan de Porto Rico. So far the department has no knowledge of the value of the new property contained in this station when it was evacuated by the Spanish. Admiral Schley has requested that he be permitted to retain in service for a time two or three civilian employes who are acquainted with the station. This has been granted. It is the intention of the department to send another naval officer to relieve Admiral Schley to the command and to maintain a permanent station at this most important strategic point in the south.

Hull Favors Retention.

Des Moines (Ia.) — Congressman Hull, chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, said in a campfire speech here: "We must keep the Philippines for the advantage of commerce. Our standing Army must be increased to 100,000 men, 40,000 for Cuba, 25,000 for the Philippines, 5000 for Porto Rico and the remainder for coast defense.

Revival in Mining.

Washington.—From information obtained of the Mineral Land Office it appears that there was an increase of nearly 400 mineral entries during the fiscal year 1898 as compared with 1897. This, it is said, indicates a marked revival of the mining industry, which had fallen to its lowest ebb in 1895, when but 757 entries were made.

CUBAN RIGHTS.

General Wood Issues a Proclamation at Santiago.

AMERICAN LAWS PUT IN OPERATION.

Yellow Fever Stamped Out at Guantanamo—The Health of the Troops Steadily Improving.

New York.—A cable to the Sun from Santiago says: General Wood has issued his first proclamation since his assumption of command of the Department of Santiago. The proclamation, which refers to the policy the Americans will pursue in governing the territory under their jurisdiction, was published in English and Spanish local papers, and was struck off on handbills in large type and posted in conspicuous places in the city and other important towns in the province.

In his proclamation General Wood says the policy of the Americans has been to follow the old laws as far as practicable, but owing to the incompatibility of some of the laws with the altered conditions, a definite declaration of American policy is necessary. The first clause of the proclamation says the people will have the right to assemble peaceably to discuss public questions, to petition the authorities for redress of grievances, etc.

No restraint will be placed on religion. The right of the inabitants to follow any creed will not be questioned, nor will religious predilection disqualify any citizen who is otherwise capable from holding any office or public trust. The courts will be open to all, and justice will be swiftly administered. No property will be taken for public use without fair compensation to the owners.

In criminal cases, accused persons will have the right of representation by counsel. No man will be compelled to give self-incriminating evidence. Bail will be accepted in all cases except such as involve capital punishment. The writ of habeas corpus cannot be suspended except when the Commanding General deems it advisable.

The proclamation promises that no one shall be placed twice in jeopardy of life and liberty for the same offense. No excessive fines or punishments will be imposed. Writs of search and seizure will only be issued in exceptional cases.

General Wood released the last of the prisoners in the Province Jail, who were suffering unusually severe punishment for small offenses. He is making arrangements to immediately appoint Justices of the Peace in all the towns of the province held by the Americans so as to do away with the Spanish system of bringing prisoners to Santiago from all parts of the province.

General Wood has received the report of Dr. Sewall, who is in charge at Guantanamo. He says the last case of yellow fever among the Third Immunes has been cured. The fever at Guantanamo was the real article, and the mortality was greater than 20 per cent. Dr. Sewall says the troops caught the disease while visiting a cemetery in which bodies were being exhumed.

There has not been a case of yellow fever in the city of Santiago for two weeks. The condition of the troops all about the city is growing better every day. Major Knight, the depot quartermaster, paid debts to the amount of $18,000, which were contracted when the Fifth Army Corps, General Shafter's command occupied the city and which were left unpaid. Bills to the amount of $50,000 more are outstanding.

No More Poisonous Bullets.

Vancouver (B. C.).—The International Red Cross Society of Japan has asked the Government to replace the red copper at the tip of the rifle bullets used in the army by white copper, as the red metal in use is inhuman, inflicting poisonous wounds.

The Government has complied with the request and new bullets with white copper edges are now being cast at the army arsenal. The Red Cross Society will send notice of their course to all the civilized nations, feeling that their action will do good by example.

Millions of Acres Open.

Washington.—A statement prepared at the General Land Office shows that at the present time there are 579,368,274 acres of unappropriated and unreserved public land in the United States, exclusive of that in Alaska. Of this area 546,549,655 acres, or more than 94 per cent are in the so-called desert land States and Territories. Of the vacant lands in these States and Territories it is estimated that 332,176,000 acres are of a character that may be denominated as "desert" under the law providing for the disposal of such lands.

Spanish Language Above Par.

Washington.—A high official in the State Department calls attention to the necessity of finding a suitable corps of bright young men well versed in the Spanish language to assist in the execution of the colonial policy which has been imposed on the Nation as a result of the war.

Great Flood in Austria.

Fieume (Austria).—Great havoc has been caused by floods in the low lying quarters of this city, which have been submerged. The flooded parts of the city include a large portion of the British section of Fieume. Large numbers of animals have perished. The damage done is estimated at 2,000,000 florins.

ADMIRAL SAMPSON'S STORY.

Declares He Could Have Taken the City —Preparing to Enter Santiago When the Town Fell.

Washington.—The Navy Department has made public that portion of Admiral Sampsons' report covering the conduct of the fleet under his command, in its operations in the West Indies for about two months prior to the destruction of Admiral Cervera'a ships on July 3d. It is made up largely of official dispatches and records of the movements of the fleet, with explanations and comments by the Admiral.

The report is dated August 3d, on the flagship New York, and begins with a statement of the determination reached by the Navy Department to send a squadron to the Windward passage for the purpose of observation, because of information received of the sailing on April 29th of Admiral Cervera's squadron from the Cape Verde islands. On the voyage eastward from the naval base at Key West, which began May 4th Admiral Sampson reports there was experienced endless trouble and delay, because of the inefficiency of the two monitors accompanying the other ships and which had to be taken in tow. Their coal supply was so small that it was evident that they must either frequently coal or be towed.

The Admiral says: "Had the sea been rough, or had the enemy appeared at this juncture the squadron would have been in a much better position for an engagement had the monitors been elsewhere. Subsequently, when engaging the batteries of San Juan it was evident that their shooting was very bad. Owing to the quick rolling of these vessels, even in a very moderate sea, they were unable to fire with any degree of accuracy."

On May 8th there was a consultation on board the flagship, and the Admiral says that he decided to stand on to the eastward as far as San Juan, Porto Rico, on the chance of finding the Spanish squadron in that port, where, if they were not successful in destroying it, it could be at least blockaded and held. The squadron arrived off San Juan on the morning of the 12th, and the bombardment of the place ensued.

Regarding his action at this place, the Admiral says: "It was clear to my mind that the squadron would not have any great difficulty in forcing the surrender of the place, but the fact that we should be held several days in completing arrangements for holding it; that part of our force would have to be left to await the arrival of troops to garrison it; that the movements of the Spanish squadron, our main objective, were still unknown; that the flying squadorn was still north and not in a position to render any aid; that Havana, Cervera's natural objective, was thus open to entry by such a force as his while we were a thousand miles distant, made our immediate movement toward Havana imperative. I thus reluctantly gave up the project against San Juan and stood westward for Havana."

Shortly after news was received that the Spanish fleet had appeared off Curacoa, West Indies, and the squadron, under orders from the department, proceeded to Key West, to which place the flying squadron under Commodore (now Admiral) Schley had already been ordered.

Arrangements were then hurriedly made and the flying squadron, augmented by the other vessels under Commodore Schley, was sent off Cienfugos. Then came the reports that Cervera was at Santiago, and Schley was ordered to go there. Sampson's dispatches show that he was firmly convinced that the Spanish were at Santiago. Schley found Cervera's fleet in the harbor, as Sampson predicted. Admiral Sampson made arrangements to proceed to Santiago with a number of his vessels. He arrived there June 1st.

Then follows a historical resume of the doings of the fleet while off Santiago, of the bombardment of the ports, of the taking of the lower bay at Guantanamo by the Marblehead and the Yankee, copies of memorandums regarding methods of blockades; telegrams bearing the proposed army movement at Santiago, etc., and practically all of what is told in official telegrams.

THE BRITONS DETERMINED.

Firm in Their Demand That France Leave the Soudan.

London.—The London morning papers have cooled down to an exceedingly cautious and conservative tone in dealing with the Fashoda question, apparently realizing that the people on both sides of the channel are heated to the danger point. There is a marked effort to avoid an offensive tone. The Times says: Sir Michael Hicks-Beach has gone some way to persuade our neighbors that we really mean what we say. The time has come when it is absolutely necessary to dispel French dreams on this subject unless very dangerous consequences are to result, but the Chancellor of the Exchequer might have performed the operation more dexterously.

The Daily News, which voices the general feelings, says: The country is determined to maintain its rights, but there is no occasion to provoke our opponents ior to add fuel to the controversy.

Paris.—The drift of opinion on the Fashoda question among commercial men in Paris was shown by a resolution adopted by the Municipal Council of this city, urging the French Government, without sacrificing the material interests of the country, to use its utmost efforts to avert a conflict with Great Britain over this dipsute.

All kinds of food for stock possesses two values—their feeding and their manurial values.

FOR THE FARMERS.

Some Interesting News for the Ruralist

SPOKEN OF IN THIS COLUMN.

A Few Sensible Hints to Suit the Busy Agriculturist.—Items That May Benefit our Readers.

Slip Shod Horse Breeding.

Judge a farmer by the team he drives. If he drives scrub horses and mules, his farming is done on the scrub plan and he will raise scrub colts, because he will breed his scrub mares to the cheapest stallion, with no regard to improvement; only the color must suit his taste, but he cares nothing for size and quality that go to make up the market requirements; he cares nothing for the market—he does not breed to suit the market, but to suit himself, and never has a good horse to sell.

An exchange says one who is not a plug farmer should be ashamed of a plug team. Let him raise his own horses and do it to some purpose. He will be silly to breed his large mares to anything short of a pure bred draft stallion. Horses of a good class will do far more work, and the rearing of them will cost no more than will that of poor ones. Owners of good stallions are reporting larger business, and this betokens a healthy condition in the horse breeding industry; and if we will only bear in mind that good horses are the kind wanted, we shall never again have a large surplus on hand, one year after another, with little to do but eating off their heads. It is a pretty heavy drain on a farmer to carry several head of idle horses through a long season. There is no way to figure profit out of them. Sell them, and save the figuring and the oats.

Two good brood mares will bring their owners $400 yearly, at a cost of $50 for service fees, and will do the work of the farm at the same time. While a five dollar fee may bring a $75 horse, for his $25 he can have an animal worth $200.

Get no offspring of an unsound or tricky animal. Never act upon the theory that a mare which is good for nothing else, is good for breeding purposes.

The fluctuation in the prices of horses is almost wholly with those of low grade. There is a certainty that when breeding to a good animal, the progeny will sell well four or five years hence.

Experiments in Calf Feeding.

F. B. Linfield, in Utah Experiment Station Bulletin, says:

1. Calves may be raised very profitably on skim milk when it is properly fed.

2. From the point of gain in live weight and quality of meat, whole milk is the best food for calves, but it makes too expensive a ration to be fed. Butter fat has been worth 16c per pound. The gain in live weight of these calves at 4c per pound returns but 10.7c per pound for the butter fat fed at 3c per pound for the gain but 8c per pound.

3. The calves whose rations were composed largely of skim milk, while they gained one-half pound less per day, yet required practically the same amount of dry matter to each pound of gain as did those fed on whole milk, they made just as good use of the food.

4. The calves fed whole milk alone gave a greater proportion of dressed meat to live weight than those fed on skim milk, and also gave more fat on the carcass.

5. Young calves, up to 3½ months of age, required less milk and less dry matter to each pound of gain than did the hogs. When the calves were five and six months old, however, more dry matter was required, but at least half of it was hay.

6. When fed to calves, fully as large financial returns were obtained for the skim milk as when fed to hogs. With the gain in live weight at 4c per pound, the calves returned 22c per hundred pounds for the skim milk and the hogs 22.8c. If the gain in live weight was worth 3c per pound, the calves would return 5c per hundred pounds more for the milk than would the hogs.

Oyster Shells.

One of the necessaries of the poultry yard is a good supply of oyster shells. Nothing furnishes so easily and so surely the required material for egg shells as these natural productions of the sea. Lime is supposed to be necessary to egg production, and there is a "tradition" that gravel (decomposed by the girnding to which it is subjected in that extraordinary machine, a fowl's gizzad) helps largely in the formation of egg shells. But, better than either of these, or both combined, are oyster shells. And it is a question whether the good which they accomplish in poultry economy ends with the round, firm, polished white or brown egg shell.

Am I wrong in supposing that there may be something of even more value in these broken bivalves? May not the seemingly petrified gelatine and other constituents of which they are in part composed (even if lime is the most apparent quality,) serve also as some portion of the egg itself, or may it not add even somewhat to the bone and fiber of the body of the fowl?

If neither of these last named results is due to the other constituents of the oyster shell, why is it that the whole flock cluster about a fresh supply with such evident delight, crooning their thanks, or seizing upon them with the avidity of school children upon a new parcel of bonbons? And why is there always an increased supply for the egg basket after such a liberal repast? For, that this last is the fact, is the sustained experience of all who give oyster shells regularly to their fowls. To obtain them for use, those living in the neighborhood of large towns or villages can have them for the asking, at the back yards of hotels and restaurants, and very likely the owners will also furnish an old barrel in which to remove them from the premises. Suitable mills can be had at little expense for grinding them and dry bones, etc., from all dealers in poultry supplies; or in the absence of a mill, a large stone in each of your yards and a hammer is a fairly good substitute, and care must be exercised lest the eager beaks of the fowls do not get crushed as well as the shells. A plentiful supply of this crushed shell should be kept in shallow boxes in the yards where the flock can have free access to them, and refilled as necessity requires. For persons living near many of the creeks throughout this region, a very good substitute may be found in the common muscle shell, which is of the same nature as the oyster shell, and in many places can be gathered up by the wagon-load. If neither of these methods are convenient, the oyster shell can be bought, all ready for use, of any dealer in poultry supplies, at a nominal cost. Try the experiment of feeding plenty of crushed oyster shell and ground bone to the flock for a short time, and note the result—an increased productiveness, as well as increased health and vigor of the flock.

The Western Farmer.

When one bears testimony to the fineness and beauty of all this array of machinery—a beauty that lies in the ever-increasing perfection of its fitness for the conditions that have to be met —one is really paying a tribute to the brains, energy, character of the Western farmer, writes Dr. Shaw in the Century. I have been on the Hungarian plains and witnessed the costly attempts of a progressive government to teach the landowners and peasants the use of improved farm machinery imported from America, or else adapted from American types. And I have also observed—what is confessed by the government and noted by all who visit those regions—the persistent fact of scores of men, women and children in the cornfields with old-fashioned hoes, while long rows of white-tunicked men, in the hay field or the ripe grain, are swinging sickles and short scythes. And a little later in the season it is common enough to see the oxen treading out the grain, or to hear the thud of the descending flail. Meanwhile, the new-fashioned corn plows are rusting; the rejected mowing and reaping machines rot in their neglected corners; and the threshing machine is viewed askance as an ill-omened monstrosity.

It is all simply a difference in men. It is a great race that has peopled our prairies and plains, and that is producing corn, wheat, and oats by the thousands and milllions of bushels, where only a few years ago there was the ancient matted sod of the prairies, unbroken for centuries. The men who drive the gang plow, ride the sulky cultivator, manipulate the twine binder, and send millions of horned cattle, hogs and sheep to the packing establishments of Omaha, Kansas City and Chicago, are to be credited with a series of achievemenets worthy not merely of respect, but even of enthusiasm. I cannot for a moment doubt the ability of such men to rear a fine and varied fabric of civilization upon so great a material foundation.

When an Animal Is Ripe.

How shall we know when an animal is ripe? An experienced eye and hand can tell this, says the Stockman, Farmer and Feeder. When a steer is fully ripe his flesh is firm. When the finger tips are pressed against the muscles of the animal there is less of yielding and softness than in the half-finished animal. The shoulder blade, the loin and the pin bone will have an appearance of plumpness all over them. The weigh scales will also tell a tale. When the steer is not ripe he should go on making the usual gains. When he is ripe the gains will drop. When a beast, therefore, that has been gaining two or three pounds a day, drops down to one pound a day, and his appetite is still good, begin to examine him for ripeness. It is one of the curious things about the animal economy that a cattle beast will go on and eat after he is ripe, but he will not make a corresponding increase in weight. It is a curious question as to what becomes of the food.

How To Be Successful.

Farmers are generally busy, but to do the right thing at the right time wins success. The preparation for crops—to get the planting and sowing just at the best time, the feeding and care of the stock at the right time. The preparation for cold weather is in order; now to have all the barns and stables and sheds warm and comfortable, have all the cracks closed, windows all in, and abundant supply of feed handy for the winter. Most farmers know well enough, but time flies all too fast, unless reminded by his stock journal or his good wife, who always helps to manage the successful farm. Look around now and see that all the stock is provided for before cold weather, that the water supply is abundant, pure and clean, that the stables and pens are clean and healthy, that all the machines are under shelter; then, with the abundant crops, you can enjoy the winter in prosperity.

Farm Notes.

Tools and implements left exposed to the weather will soon go to ruin. Gather them up.

The average farmer should buy as little and sell as little feed as possible.

The size of the farm has much less to do with success than the manner of farming.

STRIKES IN THE NORTH.

Reported Rich Finds on Hunker and Stewart Rivers.

GROUND PASSED BY PROSPECTORS.

Treasure Brought Out by the Rosalie's Passengers, Who Say There Is More to Follow.

Vancouver (B. C.)—Big strikes have been made on Hunker creek lately, Captain Garland, who returned on the Rosalie from Klondike, worked on the Klondike, El Dorado, Hunker, Dominion, Sulphur and Bear, pronouncing them all extremely rich streams and impossible to work out in five years. Speaking of Hunker strikes, Captain Garlan says he saw shovelfuls of dirt repeatedly go from $8 to $16 in gold.

Passengers coming direct from the Stewart river brought evidences of the stories they told of rich strikes made on Bruin and Crozier creeks, the dirt running a dollar a pan frequently in coarse gold. In one claim three hundred dollars was taken out in sixteen days by a rocker with no preliminary work. Hundreds are decrying the Stewart river, passing over ground with a curse that has turned out big. Colors can be found anywhere on creeks and rivers. Men who have gone there heretofore didn't know their business, so the fortunate Rosalie passengers returning from the Stewart claim.

Two hundred miles have been surveyed by the Government and prospected. There are three hundred miles of the Stewart and its tributaries that no one knows anything about. There is bound to be big pay gravel somewhere.

The Rosalie was a treasure ship this trip. Of her 168 passengers 100 had gold. It was impossible to tell the exact amount, but it was placed at a quarter of a million dollars by the purser. The lucky ones, however, are Captain Garland, formerly agent for the Amur, and Messrs. Tracey, Hebbert, Cross, Bowker and Warburton. They certainly had 100 pounds of coarse gold with them, and they stated that several hundred pounds of gold was still to be brought out by men they represented. Two of the sextet had gold wrapped in blankets which weighed seventy-eight pounds. The owners of the blankets requested that their names be not mentioned, as they were en route to England to dispose of properties. Besides the blankets all the members of the party had bags full of gold, nuggets tied in sections being sent home to friends by the lucky ones.

A British-American company agent had the prettest Klondike collection seen here to date, comprising twenty pounds of "slugs" picked for size and beauty, running seventeen and eighteen dollars an ounce. Another lot was brought by the same party from Stewart river. The gold was very coarse. Several small collections of Atlin gold were also on view.

THE WORLD'S GOLD PRODUCT.

Large Increase in the Amount Mined the Past Year.

Washington.—The Director of the Mint, in his report upon the production of the precious metals during the calendar year 1897, just submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, deals not only with the production of gold and silver in the United States, but in foreign countries as well, and draws a comparison between the production of leading producing countries of the world. The sources from which information has been derived are the most authentic and reliable, and the figures are as nearly accurate as it is possible to obtain.

The value of gold produced in the United States during the calendar year 1897 was $57,363,000. The South African Republic holds first place, producing gold to the value of $57,633,861?; Astralasia, $55,684,182, and Russia, $23,245,763.

There was a notable increase in the production of the gold in the world during 1897 over 1896. The United States' increase is 4,275,000. The South African Republic made the remarkable gain of $13,854,192. Australasia increased $10,502,249 and Russia $1,709,790.

The United States produced during the year 53,860,000 fine onces of silver and Mexico 5,3503,180 fine ounces, a decrease for the United States of 4,974,800 fine ounces and an increase for Mexico of 8,255,756 fine ounces.

More Space Allotted.

Paris.—When Ferdinand W. Peck, the United States Commissioner to the exhibition of 1900, arrived in this city, the space allotted to the United States at the exposition grounds was 175,000 feet. Mr. Peck's first gain was 6000 square feet, and he has just secured 22,000 square feet more, by means of a direct order from the French Government to the director of the exposition, making the present total 203,000 square feet. Germany has 150,000 square feet. It is not known yet how much space has been allotted to Great Britain or Russia.

The Atchison road has 6479 miles; the Northern Pacific system operates 4553 miles. The cost of operating the Atchison is 72 per cent; of the Northern Pacific 47 per cent. The cost of carrying passengers on the two roads is practically the same, 0.22c per mile. The Atchison for the year ended June 30th, '98, spent $1192 per mile for maintenance of road and structures and $671 for maintenance of equipment. The Northern Pacific spent $700 per mile for maintenance of road and structures and $384 for equipment.

THE SONOMA NEWS

A. H. CHESSMORE,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE SONOMA NEWS is issued every FRIDAY, and will be sent post-paid on receipt of price.

Communications on all matters of local interest gladly received and will be published at the discretion of the editor. Same must invariably be accompanied by writer's signature—not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Address all communications:
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Sonoma, California.

FRIDAY, - OCTOBER 28, 1898

THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. C. DAKE Advertising Agency, 64 and 65 Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor
HENRY T. GAGE
Los Angeles.

For Lieutenant Governor
JACOB H. NEFF
Placer

For Secretary of State
CHARLES F. CURRY
San Francisco.

For Controller
E. P. COLGAN
Sonoma.

For Treasurer
TRUMAN REEVE
San Bernardino.

For Attorney-General
TIREY L. FORD
San Francisco.

For Clerk of Supreme Court
GEORGE W. ROOT.
San Francisco.

For Associate Justice of Supreme Court
W. C. VAN FLEET
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For State Senator, Tenth District
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FRANK J. MURPHY
Santa Rosa.

For County Clerk
SOMERS B. FULTON
Fulton.

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O. O. WEBBER
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SUPERVISOR TICKET

For Supervisor, Second Supervisor District.
DAVID WALLS
Of Petalama.

For Supervisor Fourth Supervisor District
JOHN B. COOLEY
Of Cloverdale.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

Justice of the Peace
J. M. CHENEY
Sonoma.

For Constable
CHARLES H. OHM
Schellville.

It is now believed that an Italian speaker will accompany Hon J. A. Barham here next Tuesday evening and will address the Italians on the political issues of the day.

WE venture to say that no town of its size and under the circumstances, ever had a better water proposition offered it, than the one on file with the city clerk by the Sonoma City water Co. If the city trustees want water half as bad as they pretend to, why not consider that proposition?

HENRY Clay said. "If I were called upon to name the hardest times in the history of my country I would name the seven years prior to the tariff of 1824." During this time, from 1816 to 1824 we had free trade, and free silver at a ratio of 15 to 1, just what the democrats are now asking for.

AN OFFICER NEEDED.

If the health of our city marshal is such that he can not control the toughs of this city he should deputize some one who can. The repeated interruptions of the political meeting last Saturday night was a disgrace to this community and is deeply regretted by every good citizen of Sonoma. The disorderly conduct around the polls on Monday furnishes further evidence that a good peace officer is badly needed in this town. When you cast your vote on the 8th of November, please bear this fact in mind.

MARKED BALLOTS.

It is talked about town that some of the ballots cast at the late bond election were marked so that certain parties were enabled to ascertain how some men voted on the bond question. Some of the citizens are quite indignant over the matter and an investigation will probably be made. The offense is a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of $500 or six month in the county jail or both fine and imprisonment. Too much questionable politics have been practiced in this town and it is time some steps were taken to punish the offenders. If affairs continue to run as they are, serious trouble may occur. It is time to put on the break.

FRANK J. MURPHY.

The campaign of calumny goes merrilly on against Frank Murphy and every day we hear of more people who are going to vote for him. As one indignant Democrat said: "The time when a candidate could be lied about and have the voters believe what was said and not have them take the trouble to challenge such statements, has gone by. If a man cannot win on his merits, but will let a paper and his friends—whether by his direction or simply by remaining passive and not rebuking such acts as are done in his name and for his benefit—go on and try to tear a man's reputation to shreds, men of all political opinions should get behind the traduced and show those buzzards who live on the honor of others, that the day has gone past for that kind of work. We believe that the country has enough men who think as he does to give Frank Murphy a vote that will cause him to be an easy winner. No man should vote against another because he does not happen to be able to spend his money as free as some, nor because a venal press is not backing him.—Political Outlook.

THE BOND ELECTION.

The bond election held here last Monday resulted again in the defeat of the bond. There were 164 votes cast, 102 for and 62 against—two of which were thrown out on error—making the vote 18 short of enough to carry the bond. The votes cast against the bond were mostly cast by property owners, while nearly all of the non tax-payers and floating population voted for the bond. The results of this election is nearly identical with the one held a few months ago and proves conclusively that it is useless to keep up the farce any longer to the expense and disgust of the taxpayers. If the board of city trustees will view the water question with an unprejudiced eye, and consult the taxpayers instead of those who have no interest in the town, and consider the water proposition now before them as well as the best interests of the city, they will undoubtedly see that to grant the water company the franchise it asks for and set it to work at once on the construction of a plant, is the most sensible thing to do. Of course this will not suit a few who are looking for self-interests. There will be no more printing bills, election expenses, expensive ordinances to draw for publication nor the nice little sum of several hundred dollars as commissions for negotiating the bonds. To be sure this will be hard on the few who can not stand honest competition in business, but it will settle the water question, give the people an adequate water system and relief from this irritating and demoralizing dissention. Besides this, it is the best proposition the city can get.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

The candidate for District Attorney on the Republican ticket, O. O. Webber, is gaining ground so fast in the county that he is now being bet on as the man who will lead his ticket. A young man of energy who has twice been elected City Attorney of Santa Rosa, he has the ability and experience to conduct his office in a capable and efficient manner. He is a man of the people and will be for the people. The voters of this county will make no mistake in electing Mr. Webber to the office to which he aspires.—Political Outlook

In the course of her remarks last Saturday evening, Miss Minnie Coulter referred to a short editorial in the NEWS of October 7th and asked the editor of that paper for an interpretation of it. On being asked if it was true that she had put up money at a saloon in Glen Ellen to treat the boys Miss Coulter promptly answered that it was not. She further explained that such an idea had been suggested to her in that place but that she had refused to entertain it, and had not at any time during the campaign set up anything but soda water and water melons.

Since Miss Coulter has left the sanctity of her home for the field of politics and taken upon herself the responsibility of conducting a campaign, for a political office, she has placed herself on the same level with other candidates, subject to the same praise or like criticism, as the case may be. She is not on private but public grounds, asking for a position as a public servant and the public has a right to know how she conducts her campaign.

Since she has seen fit to not only enter the field of politics, but rush into print in a disreputable paper, not only in defense of herself but in criticism of others, she opens wide the door for free discussion.

Miss Coulter says that she has set up nothing but soda water and water mellons, although the Glen Ellen boys tried to induce her to do so. Perhaps if she will draw on her memory a little she will recollect that she yielded just a few dollars. She may also remember that she sat in a buggy near a Glen Ellen saloon while her escort set up the drinks to those thirsty Glen Ellen boys.

Perhaps Miss Coulter thought that her escourt was only setting up water mellons quite freely while canvassing this town in her behalf, or perhaps, she is so inexperienced in the fine arts of politics that she knew nothing about it.

We have nothing but the best of goodwill toward Miss Coulter, and nothing but the highest respect for her personal character, nor do we believe she would knowingly and willfully do any thing in her political campaign that she knows to be wrong, but we believe those thirsty Glen Ellen boys and that shadow of the human race up the street, who took advantage of her inexperience and induced her to rush into print that he might reap some personal satisfaction from the results, have taken advantage of her position as a candidate, for their own satisfaction, with little thought and less care for the ultimate results to her.

SOME ELECTION LAWS.

PROCURING ILLEGAL VOTING.

Every person who procures, aids, assists, counsels, or advises another to give or offer his vote at any election, knowing that the person is not qualified to vote, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

ATTEMPTING TO VOTE WITHOUT BEING QUALIFIED.

Every person not entitled to vote, who fraudulently attempts to vote, or who, being entitled to vote, attempts to vote more than once at any election, is guilty of a misdimeanor.

FRAUDULENT REGISTRATION.

Every person who willfully causes, procures, or allows himself to be registered in the Great Register of any county knowing himself not to entitled to such registration, is punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail or State Prison not exceeding one year, or by both. In all cases where, on the trial of a person charged with any offense under the provisions of this section, it appears in evidence that the accused stands registered in the Great Register of any county, without being qualified for such registration, the Court must order such registration to be canceled.

The Grand Chapter O. E. S.

The Grand Chapter of the Eastern Star met in Sherman and Clay's Hall, 223 Sutter St., San Francisco, last week, beginning the 18th inst. and dismissing the 21st. About 1000 members and over 500 delegates from the different Chapters throughout the state were in attendance. In the election of officers 511 votes were cast. After spending several days in the transaction of the usual business the Chapter adjourned with kind words for each member and their home chapter and with greatful hearts for the good done on behalf of the order. On Saturday the 22nd, at the close of the meeti g a company composed of the delegates visited the Widows and Orphan's Home at Decoto. This is a magnificent structure, standing on a sightly eminence overlooking the be utiful valley and the bay, and cost $75.000.

Valley of the Moon Chapter of Sonoma was represented by Mrs. Arvilla McHarvey. At the next Chapter meeting it is expected that she will have a very interesting report to make.

Favors Dr. Pierce.

Dr. J. G Pierce of this place is the regular Republican nominee for coroner and public administrator. He is a man eminently qualified in every particular to fill the position to which he aspires, and a man who commands the respect of the entire people where ever he goes. Dr. Pierce has been a resident of Sebastopol for almost sixteen years, and by his honesty and uprightness in his profession has made many friends throughout the whole county, and especially western Sonoma. The fact that the Doctor will secure almost every vote in Analy township, irrespective of all political creed, speaks well for him, and should commend itself to every voter in the county. Remember the name of Dr. J. G. Pierce on the 8th day of next November and put the little cross opposite his name. By so doing you may return home and feel that you have done your duty.—Analy Standard.

A Heavy loss to Grape Growers.

Early in the season quite a number of grape growers in the vicinity of Healdsburg, Gueiserville and Cloverdale, contracted their grapes to Gombety & Co. of San Francisco, at $10 to $12 per ton, accepting $25 as guarantee of good faith. After the grapes were delivered a settlement was sought when it was discovered that Gombety & Co. had failed. The grape growers will lose about $13.000.

Mrs. James Gibson.

Mrs. James Gibson, wife of Judge James Gibson of Glen Ellen, died at her home in that place Wednesday evening after an illness of several days. Mrs Gibson was the daughter of Judge Justi one of the oldest settlers in Sonoma Valley. Mrs. Gibson was raised in Glen Ellen and was married about a year ago to Judge J. Gibson. The funeral will take place in Glen Ellen Saturday at 10 o'clock.

Rev. E. E. Thompson has leased the Wagner property on Broadway where he will reside in the future.

WILL PASTURE STOCK.

G. Riley, living on the Fisher ranch south of town is prepared to take in stock to pasture. Good feed and water.

Say Charley!!

—o—

Next time you go to Petaluma you just go in to

MURPHY & Co.,

and look at their nice new and second-hand goods. Cousin Polly and I were in there the other day and PRICED EVERYTHING and they

a SELLING CHEAPER
r THAN ANYBODY IN
e SONOMA COUNTY.

besides that they will buy anything you have to sell. I know they will because they told me so. Now you remember the place. It is the

NORTH EAST CORNER
WASHINGTON & MAIN ST.
Opposite Sonoma County Bank.

We have made arrangements by which we can furnish the following San Francisco *Daily Papers* and the SONOMA NEWS at the extremely low rates quoted below:—

Evening Post and News, per month, . . .	40
" " " per year . . .	$4 50
Evening Bulletin and News, per month .	50
" " " per year . .	$6 00
Morning Call and News, per month . . .	65
" " " per year . . .	$6 50

Papers promptly delivered any place within the city limits.

GILBERT'S MILLINERY
— AND —
FANCY GOODS

NEW FALL STYLES
LOVELY TRIMMED HATS
CHEAP—NOW READY.....
.....
HATS TRIMMED TO ORDER
.....
Old Hats Dyed & Pressed like New
Prices to suit the hard times.
Next door to Newburgh's,
GILBERT'S - PETALUMA

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c, or 25c. If C. C. C. fails to cure, druggist refunds money.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate at Private Sale

Under authority of an order of sale granted by the Superior Court of the County of Sonoma, State of California, dated August 29th 1898, I will sell at private sale the following described real estate: All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate in the City and County of Sonoma, State of California, being known and designated on the official map or plat of said City as Out Lot No. 512, containing 19 acres more or less; Also that strip of land situated in said Sonoma City, known and designated on said official map as that piece of land in the City of Sonoma, extending between Lots No. 501 and No. 512, and described thus, to wit: The Southern half or moiety of said Street between said lots, being 333 yards in length and 9½ yards in width, and containing an area of two roods and 89 perches, more or less.

The sale will be made on or after September 28th, 1898, and bids will be received at the office of O. C. Pratt, Claus Spreckels Building, San Francisco, State of California. Terms of sale: Cash Gold coin of the United States, Ten per cent of the bid payable at the time of the sale and balance upon confirmation by the Court.

A. F. WADE
Administrator of the Estate of W. F. Wade, deceased.
Dated August 29th 1898.

TO THE FATHER OF BOYS.

A Few Words of Advice Which Our Parents Should Heed.

Have you a son between 18 and 35 years of age who is lifeless and stupid; whose face is pimpled appetite poor; pains in the back; nervous twitching of the eyes and other parts; suffering from sleepless, restless, nights night sweats, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, constipation; cramps in legs and ms; bashful always avoiding company of opposite sex—who has no energy, and is unfit for work or study?

If you have a boy with any of these symptoms there are 19 chances out of 20 that the boy will, within 18 short months, be past the aid of medical skill—completely at the mercy of that dread disease—consumpson. Take warning in time! For these sure and tel-tale symtoms there is but one never-failing and GUARANTEED CURE, and that is VERVAIN, the most remarkable discovery of the century. One month's treatment will bring rosy healthy to that fading cheek will cause the life giving, tissue-building elements of its truly wonderful properties to instantly circulate through those clogged up veins. It stopps debilitating drains: soothes, invigorates and vitalizes the whole system; it transforms the weak, sickly, irritable, nervous, despondent sufferer to true, healthy, happy manhood.

VERVAIN is a purely vegetable remedy, and the price is $1.00 for one month's treatment or $5 for three months, with a guarantee to cure or money cheerfully returned, charges prepaid. Address GAS CITY REMEDY CO., P. O. Box 170 Stockton, California.

We Make WHEELS, Too!

MILLER RODE ONE 2093 MILES IN 132 HOURS

The Eldredge $50.00

The Belvidere $40.00

Superior to all others irrespective of price. Catalogue tells you why. Write for one.

NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO.,
339 BROADWAY, New York. Factory, BELVIDERE, ILL.

A GOOD SEAMSTRESS
IS A
HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY
And a Household Necessity is one of our NEW

SEAMSTRESS
SEWING MACHINES.

For full particulars address
National Sewing Machine Co.
Manufacturers of Fine Family Sewing Machines.
EASTERN OFFICE: 339 Broadway, N. Y. BELVIDERE, ILL.

TWO MILLIONS A YEAR.

When people buy, try, and buy again it means they're satisfied. The people of the United States are now buying Cascarets Candy Cathartic at the rate of two million boxes a year, and it will be three million before New Year's. It means merit proved, that Cascarets are the most delightful bowel regulator for everybody the year round. All druggist, 10, 25, 50c a box, cure guaranteed.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelop Herbert E. Hess, Prest; Dept. M. Chicago.

Horse AND WAGON—A good cart or buggy horse and a good second-hand farm wagon for sale reasonable. Inquire of G. Farrar on the old Lutzens place.

INCUBATOR AND BROODERS.—One 350 egg incubator and three indoor brooders, fixtures complete, Petaluma make, never used, for sale at a discount. Inquire at the NEWS office.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Carthartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils blooches, blackheads, and that sickly billious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggist, satisfac-

A Sure Thing For You

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Billious, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulent and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Try a box today 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample and booklet free. Druggists.

FOR SALE.—Good young horse, suitable for light work, for sale cheap. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.—White Leghorn eggs for hatching purpose, absolutely pure, at 50 cents per setting of 13. For particulars inquire at this office.

Dress goods—the latest, most stylish and cheapest at the Racket Store, and no other store in Petaluma.

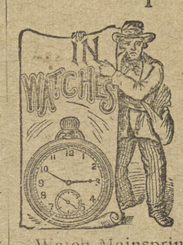
Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets

Candy Cathartic cure constipation forvere; 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggist refund money.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, Herbert E. Hess, Prest; Dept. M. Chicago.

MRS. F. McG. MARTIN,
Attorney-at-Law
and Notary Public.
Doyle & Overton Building, Fourth St. SANTA ROSA

Save Good Money
Keep Good Time.



M. L. Martin, the Petaluma jeweler is in Sonoma every Saturday, for the purpose of collecting watches clocks and jewelry for repairing. See him.

Watch Mainsprings, 50 cents.
Watch Glasses - 10 cents.

J. S. Young
WORKS CHEAP FOR CASH.

HORSE SHOING EACH $1.00
TIRE PER SET OF FOUR $2.50
Woodwork And General Blacksmithing As Cheap In Proportion
All Work Guaranteed.
SHOP ON NAPA STREET NEAR POST-OFFICE

ED. WEGNER
Drugs, Medicines, AND General Merchandise

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded
S. W. CORNER PLAZA - - - - - SONOMA, CAL

California Northwestern R'y Co.
LESSEE OF
SAN FRANCISCO & NORTH PACIFIC RAILWAY
OFFICIAL TIME TABLE

Leaves Sonoma		Effective Oct. 16 '98	Arrive Sonoma	
Week days	Sundays	Destination	Sundays	Week days
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	San Francisco, San	10.25 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	Rafael intermediates	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
10.30 a. m.	10.25 a m.	Glen Ellen and	8.10 a.m.	6.18 a. m.
7.20 p. m.	7.15 p. m.	intermediates	3.37 p.m.	2.45 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Petaluma, Santa Rosa	10.25 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	and intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8 10 a. m.	Cloverdale, Healds-	.....	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	.....	burg, intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Ukiah and	.....	
	.....	intermediates	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6:18 a. m.	8 10 a. m.	Sebastopol and	10.25 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
2:45 a. m.	3 37 p. m.	intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Guerneville and	.....	10.30 a m
2:45 p. m.	.....	intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p m

H. C. WHITING, General Manager.
R. X. RYAN, Gen. Pass. Agent

Oats!
Oats!
Oats!

The Best Seed Oats in the market can be had at the lowest market price

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- - - AT CLEWE'S.

THE UNION FEED AND Livery Stable,

GRANVILLE HARRIS, Poprietor.
SONOMA, - - - - - - - - - CALIFORNIA.
—o—
KEEPS GOOD TEAMS, FINE RIGS, and CAREFUL DRIVERS
Careful Attention Given Stock Left In Our Charge.
Horses Boarded By The Day, Week or Month
CHARGES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Stage Office of Southern Pacific Railroad.

NEWS ABOUT TOWN

Happenings of the Past Week in the Pioneer City.

PERSONAL MENTION.

M. Hamilton spent Tuesday in Napa City.

Chas. Chency visited Sonoma relatives here Sunday and Monday.

Thos. Rea of El Verano has been quite seriously ill for the past week.

Frank Weaver who was quite ill for a couple of weeks is getting around again.

J. J. Dunbar has been quite seriously ill this week but is somewhat improved at the present.

Rev. O. C. Howell, of Marin Co., was the guest of his brother-in-law Rev. E. E. Thompson, Thursday.

Remember the Catholic Fair on next Wednesday evening. All who attend will have a good time.

Quite a number of the members of the Epworth League will attend the "Rally" at Occidental on Friday.

C. A. Cooper spent Saturday and Sunday in San Francisco where Mrs. Cooper is stopping for a few weeks.

Mrs. Wm. Berriman and her daughter Madge of Napa are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Trudgen.

Mrs. Charles Whiting left last Monday for Kansas, where she will visit relatives and friends for a few months.

Miss Lola Haraszthy and Frank Bean went to Vallejo Tuesday where they will visit friends for a week or so.

Mrs. McHarvey received a letter this week from Friend McHarvey who is still at Manila and enjoying a soldiers life.

Mrs. Lovejoy of Washington, who has been visiting Mrs. O. J. McKinnon for the past week returned to her home Thursday.

Miss Harriet Gaines left Thursday morning for San Francisco where she will spend a few weeks engaged in her profession as nurse.

Miss Janet Cooper and Mrs Cook returned Saturday evening from San Francico where they spent a couple of weeks with friends.

John Ludeman of Santa Rosa was in town Wednesday shaking hands with his many friends of this place. John is still in the Cooper business.

The Epworth League and Christian Endeavor societies will hold a union meeting at the Congregational church next Sunday evening.

Fred Justi of Glen Ellen is quite seriously ill with pneumonia. Mr. Justi is a brother of Mrs. Jas. W. Gibson whose sad death is recorded in another column.

George F. White came up Saturday evening from San Francisco where he is engaged in the plumbing trade and spent Sunday with his family.

Mrs. J. J. Law who suffered a stroke of paralysis on the first of this month still lies in the same unconscious condition, seemingly no better or no worse.

Robert Halstead and son, of the Sandwich Islands, and who owns a ranch between this place and Glen Ellen, is spending a few weeks with his foreman Mr. Durant.

Jack McNiel of El Verano was married in San Francisco last Thursday. This is a surprise to Jacks friends here but they all wish him a pleasant journey down lifes pathway.

Mrs Charles McHarvey returned Sunday evening accompanied by Miss M. Julian, an accomplished musician from Oakland, who will remain as her guest for a few weeks.

George Albertson of Los Angeles is stopping a few days with his Uncle Jim. of this place. George has come to Sonoma for his health, because he knows this is the place for it.

Congressman John A. Barham will address the people of Sonoma Vally at Union Hall Tuesday even-November 1st. Come out and hear the issues of the day fairly discussed.

Ed. L. Thompson, father of Rev. E. E. Thompson, pastor of the M. E. church is stopping with his son. Mr. Thompson will probably purchase property and engage in business here in the near future.

Rollo Smith left Tuesday morning for Sonora, where he accepts a position in a merchantile establishment. Rollo made many friends while here who, while they regret his departure are pleased that he is so fortunate as to secure so good a position.

Tony Banchero and Miss Amilia Pezzaglia were united in marriage at the home of the bride north of town Tuesday evening by Justice Cheney. The young couple were reported married a couple of weeks ago and were the recipients of an old fashioned serenade at which time they carried out the joke so nicely that many believed they were married until the announcement of the wedding by judge Cheney.

Shoe Sale, Racket Store, Petaluma

$1000.00 of good shoes at actual cost. Sale to commence Oct. 8th. Racket Store, Petaluma.

THE CATHOLIC FAIR.

The opening night of the Catholic Fair at Union Hall was all that could have been wished for in the way of entertainment. Everv part of the play which was both interesting and amusing was well carried out. The Misses Devel in and the song, (College Chums) by Frank McGil' were excellent.

Democratic Speaking.

The democratic county candidates held a political meeting here last Saturday evening and spoke to a full house and an enthusiastic audience. District attorney Emmet Seawell, candidate for Congress, J. C Sims, candidate for State Senator. W. F. Cowan, candidate for the assembly, and T. Butts made the principal speeches of the evening.

A Barn Burned.

About five o'clock Monday morning the large barn of F. Chelini west of town was discovered on fire. Before help could arrive the flames had full control and the building and its contents were soon consumed. The barn was used for a storage house and contained farm machinery and utencils of the farm, including wagon, cart etc. The hay was stored in another barn near by which was saved.

The Surprise of all.

Mr. James Jones of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill. in speaking of Dr. Kings New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Gripp, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develope into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. Kings New Discovery and selling lots of it, took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half a dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. Kings New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Trial bottles free at Ed. Wegner's drug store.

GLEN ELLEN GLEANINGS.

The Democratic meeting held here Tuesday night was quite largely attended. The genuine enthusiasm usually displayed in times past, seemed to be lacking.

The recent fire in the Nun canon is now under control. Considerable wood and feed was distroyed but no further damage has been reported.

John R. Carr, visited his summer home for a few days last week. He intends planting a number of fruit and ornamental trees.

Frank Grace and James Sims Democratic nominee for sheriff and Senator were in town last Sunday.

The Democratic Nominees will [illegible] this place next Tuesday evening.

Joe. Small of Sonoma visited this place one day this week.

Slight showers of rain fell here last Saturday.

E. M. Gender of the Cottage Hotel felt somewhat indisposed the past week, but has now greatly improved.

Quite a number of Glen Ellenites will attend the Republican speaking at Santa Rosa next Friday evening.

J. A. Justi who has been quite ill at Santa Rosa with pneumonia for the past few days, is gradually improving.

Dr. D. Eckman of San Francisco has leased part of the O'Donell farm for a Sanatorium. The necessary buildings are now in course of construction.

When will the good people of Sonoma learn that the "hoodoo" paper which so strenuously advocated the bonding of your town at the election the other day, is always sure to defeat any public measure which it particularly recommends, or "queers" any candidate whose cause it especially espouses?

After the democratic meeting the other evening, while the more youthful element were enjoying themselves in the dizzy mazes of the dance, several of the older and wiser ones were admitted to membership in the "Ancient Order of Owls". The solemn rites of the first degree, as conferred by the Grand High Rainger was a ceremony most interesting and impressive to those who witnessed it.

It is of the very greatest importance that the occupant of the office of Superintendent of Schools should not only be an experienced teacher and an accomplished scholar, but a thorough man of business as well. Fortunately the republican candidate for this office posesses all of these qualities in a marked degree and will beyond a question of doubt be elected by a big majority.

The "Sonoma Index" in its last issue congratulates the public that a certain storekeeper in your city has reduced the price of Port Costa flour to one dollar a sack, but neglects to add that the Glen Ellen merchants have for months been selling this very brand at the same low figure and all other goods proportionately cheap. Nor does it ever call attention to the fact that our little town is always, thoroughly up to date and in touch with the times.

Robert A. Poppe, the republican candidate for senator, will receive not only the full vote of his party but the support of many democrats in this locality who will not forget the fact that as a former trustee of the Home for Feeble Minded, he was instrumental in securing appropriations for that institution, which not only caused thousands of dollars to be disbursed in this neighborhood, but furnished positions and work at good wages, to many of the unemployed in our locality, all of whom will vote for Mr. Poppe regardless of party politics.

Much of the clothing business of Petaluma is now done at the Racket Store. The low prices at which they sell clothing accounts for their large business.

Schley and Sampson chewed the rag,
But now are meek as lambs;
Because they ceased their chewing it,
Prefering Kingan Hams.

Just a bath with Weems' Soap,
Then eat his Pork and Beans;
In purchasing his Maple Syrup,
You'l keep money in your Jeans.

A dollar a sack for 3 H Flour;
Ten bars of Soap for a quarter;
A package of mush for the breakfast ho ur,
You'l be clean and fat as you oughter."
J. P. WEEMS, Poet.

Grant O. Richards Dead.

Grant O. Richards, editor of the Santa Rosa Press-Democrat, was accidently shot at Scaggs Springs last Saturday. Mr. Richards was one of the best newspaper men in this county, but through over work about a year ago became deranged and was taken to the insane asylum at Ukiah from which he was discharged a short time ago.

The Racket Store

Butter cloth 4c a yard	Racket Store Petaluma.
Cheese cloth 3c a yard	
Cheese bandage 6 c yd	
36 in heavy muslin 6 c	
Shaker flannel 5 c yard	
White or red table cloth 20 cts per yard	

All wool 5½ pound grey blankets $4.00 per pair and large comforts 50 cents each at the Racket Store, Petaluma.

Free Pills.

Good looks are really more than skin deep depending entirely on a healthy condition of all vital organs. If the liver be inactive you have a billious look, if your stomach be out of order you have a dyspeptic look, if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blothes and boils and gives good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at Ed. Wegner's Drug Store. 50 cents a bottle.

MEN WANTED—a man or men to cut nine cords of gum wood; at once. Apply to this office.

BOAT FOR SALE.—A small row boat in good order with oars and other fixtures complete. For sale reasonable. For particulars inquire at this office.

INFORMATION wanted of the whereabouts of James M. Miller, (supposed to be dead). Important. Write W. S. Loar, Independence, Missouri.

To the Voters of Sonoma Township

Sonoma, Cal., Sept. 22, 1898.
I hereby agree, if I am elected Justice of the Peace of Sonoma Township, to try all cases coming to my court from the northern part of the township, in Glen Ellen or Kenwood, as interested parties may desire. J. M. Cheney.

To The Voters of Sonoma Township

I hereby pledge myself if elected Justice of the Peace of this township, to try all cases belonging to the southern end of the township in Sonoma City. J. W. Gibson, Regular Democratic Nominee for Justice of the Peace.

For scroll work or ornamental wood-work of any kind call on Camm & Hedges, the principal lumber dealers of Petaluma.

Eat Blue Label Catsup
And Kingan Ham,
Will make you feel so good
You won't give a d——n.
Jim Weem's, poet.

FRUIT DRYER—We have for sale a patent fruit dryer calculated for the use of small fruit ranches. Call at the NEWS office and get further information.

H H. H. Electric oil is the newest lubricator on the market. Just the stuff for watches, bicycles, sewing machines and fine running gear. Only to be found at J. P. Weem's.

Bucklens Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Ed. Wegner.

FOR RENT - A stock ranch consisting of 400 acres 100 plow land, the pasture. For particulars apply or addess News office.

EVERY BODY SAYS SO.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispels colds, cures headaches, fevers, habitual constipation and billiousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Political Announcements.

For Coroner & Public Administrator

DR. J. S. PIERCE,

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINEE.

Election Nov. 8, 1898.

For Sheriff.

FRANK J. MURPHY,

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINEE.

Election Nov. 8, 1898.

E. F. WOODWARD
(Regular Republican Nominee)
Is a candidate for re-election to the office of
County Treasurer,
At the election Nov. 8th 1898.

CHARLES H. OHM
(Regular Republican Nominee)
Is a candidate for election to the office of
Constable, Sonoma T'p.
At the election held Nov. 8th 1898.

SHERIDAN PETERSON
(Regular Republican nominee)
For Assemblyman
For the 17th Assembly District.
Election Nov. 8th, 1898.

R. A. POPPE
(Regular Republican nominee)
Candidate for election to the office of
State Senator
At the election held Nov. 8th 1898.

M. V. VANDERHOOF
(Regular Republican nominee)
For County Assessor
At the election held Nov. 8, 1898.

For Superintendent of Schools

J. E. METZGER
REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINEE.
Election November 8, 1898

For Sheriff

FRANK P. GRACE
REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
Election November 8, 1898

For Auditor and Recorder

WILLIAM A. MILLS.
REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINEE.
Election November 8, 1898

For Assemblyman 17th District

W. F. COWAN
REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
Election November 8, 1898

For County Surveyor

NEWTON V. V. SMYTH,
REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINEE
Election Nov. 8, 1898.

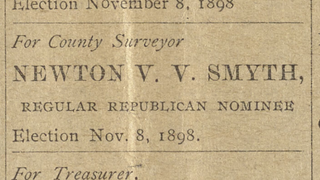
For Treasurer.

M. D. GOSHEN
REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
Election Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1898.

HENRY SOARE
CARRIAGE AND SIGN
PAINTING.....
Heydt Building, Spain St., SONOMA, CAL.

CONRAD FUTTERER
—o—
MERCHANT—TAILOR
The Only First Class Tailor in Sonoma. Suits made to Order, Repairing neatly and quickly done. I guarantee a fit and warrant all my work. Shop on Napa Street between Union Hotel and F. Clewe's Store.
SONOMA - - CALIFORNIA

THE STEAM SCHOONER



FOUR SISTERS.
THE FOUR SISTERS will make two trips a week to San Francisco, leaving Embarcadero on Monday and Thursday of each week. Shippers of fruit, wine, etc., can obtain terms by applying to owner at Jackson-street wharf, S. F., or at his residence at Embarcadero. P. O. address, Schellville, Cal.
CAPT. HAUTO, Proprietor.

Your Tax
for the coming year on baking powder will be very light if you buy *Schilling's Best* and use only one heaping teaspoonful to a quart of flour.
601

The Cut Rate Bazar

LOW PRICES WITH US DOES NOT MEAN CHEAP GOODS	Lamps from -	15c. up
	Lanterns from - -	15c. up
	Lamp Chimneys from -	2½c. up
	Lantern Globes -	10c.

Every article guaranted as represented.
The Cut Rate Bazar,
PETALUMA CAL.

NEW GOODS
Just Received a Full Line of Fall & Winter Dress Goods
FLANNELS
Ladies' and Children's Wool & Marino UNDERWEAR.
At G. H. HOTZ'S Dry Goods Store. New Goods arriving every week
G. H. HOTZ.

DREES BROTHERS
CASH DEALERS IN
Poultry, Eggs
HIDES TALLOW | GAME FLOUR | FEED SUPPLIES | GREEN and DRIED FRUITS
CORNER OF WESTERN AVENUE AND KELLER STREET
PETALUWA, CALIFORNIA

DRIED.... FRUITS
Parties having dried fruits for sale will consult their interests by calling on
John Batto & Son,
OF VINEYARD STATION, and get their prices before disposing of the same.
Call or adddress JOHN BATTO & SON
Vineberg, California.

MRS. J. A. POPPE
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
HARDWARE, and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, Etc.
Highest Market Price Paid For Farm Produce.
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EAST SIDE OF PLAZA SONOMA, CALIFORNIA.

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San Francisco Weekly Call and Sonoma Weekly News
. . . FOR $2 50 PER YEAR . . .
The subscription price of either paper for a year is $1.50. Why not take advantage of this generous offer and secure both papers for a little more than the price of either. Readers of the NEWS will do well to look into this matter. It is a paying investment. In one paper will be found all the local happenings, gotten up in a concise, pithy and readable manner and given to the people week by week. In the other will be found the local happenings of San Francisco and the telegraphic news of the entire world. The CALL is the family paper of the Pacific Coast and is well worth the price asked for both papers. . . . . .
SONOMA NEWS $2.50 WEEKLY CALL
Address all orders to the NEWS, Sonoma, Cal.

CHURCH NOTICES

Catholic Church. Rev. W. P. Quill, Rector. Services: Sundays, 8 a. m. and 1 a. m.; week-days, 7:30 a. m. School immediately after the 11 o'clock mass.

Congregational Church. Rev. Charles D. Millike., Pastor. Regular Services: Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school superintended by Mr. Chas. Potter, 10 a. m. Young Men's Bible Class at 10:00 a. m. in separate room. All young men invited. Junior Christian Endeavor, Friday afternoon. Golden Rule Reading Circle, Monday afternoon. The Christian Endeavor Society meets every Sunday at 7:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:45 p. m. The Ladies' Aid Society meets alternate Fridays; the Missionary Society, on alternate Tuesdays. Strangers are welcome at all the services.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. E. E. Thompson, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:15, p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. on Sunday.

LODGE NOTICES.

A. O. U. W.
PUEBLO LODGE No. 168, meets every first and fourth Tuesday evening of each month at Odd Fellows' Hall.

F. & A. M.
TEMPLE LODGE No. 14, meets in the Masonic Hall on the Tuesday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

I. O. O. F.
SONOMA LODGE No. 28, meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening at 7:30 p. m.
REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE No. 99, meets in Odd Fellows' Hall, on the second and fourth Thursday of each month.

O. E. S.
VALLEY OF THE MOON CHAPTER No. 85, meets in Masonic Hall on the Thursday evening on or preceding the full moon of each month.

O. C. F.
SONOMA VINEYARD COUNCIL, No. 10, meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

N. S. G. W.
SONOMA PARLOR, No. 111, meets every Monday evening at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Y. M. I.
No. 45 meets the first and third Wednesday of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

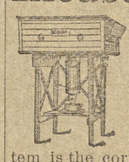
U. A. O. D.
SONOMA GROVE No. 75, meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

ROBERT A. POPPE
Attorney - at - Law
Office: East Side of Plaza, Sonoma
NOTARY PUBLIC

CITY BARBER SHOP
No. 6 NAPA ST., SONOMA
First-class Work Done at Popular Prices and Guaranteed.
CHAS. POGGETTO, PROP.

HENRY WEYL
The Butcher.
SPAIN ST. - SONOMA
DEALER IN
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Sausage, Lard, Ham, Bacon, Butter, Eggs, Poultry & Vegetables.
Give me a call; you'll come again.

Petaluma Incubators



HATCH all kinds of eggs. They show more practical progressive features than any others. Hot air in principle. Uses coal-oil for heating. We have indisputable evidence that our system is the correct one, 15,000 pleased customers getting higher percentages than from any other machines. WE PAY FREIGHT. You therefore know what a machine will cost at your door. Finest catalogue ever issued, free.
Petaluma Incubator Co.,
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DEALER IN
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COUNTRY PRODUCE
Bought and Sold.
We Originate—Others Imitate.
GLEN ELLEN - - - CAL.

RAD PATENTS MARKS
THE INVENTORS LAW COMPANY,
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Affords superior advantages. Inquiries may be made through the editor of this paper if desired. Handbook and New Patent Laws FREE.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

OUR TREATMENT OF SPANISH CAPTIVES.

Never before in history was there a case where a defeated and captive enemy received such generous treatment as we gave the Spaniards. Equally astonishing are the cures brought about by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Never has there been so successful a medicine for stomach and liver disorders, like dyspepsia, indigestion, billiousness and constipation.

"Ah," said Sherlock Holmes, "the murderer must surely have been a printer," "Why?" "See, he ate the dead man's lunch. Not a crumb left."

DEAR EDITOR:—If you know of a solicitor or canvasser in your city or elsewhere, especially a man who has solicited for subscriptions, insurance, nursery stock, books or tailoring, or a man who can sell goods, you will confer a favor by telling him to correspond with us; or if you will insert this notice in your paper and such parties will cut this notice out and mail to us, we may be able to furnish them a good position in their own and adjoining counties. Address, AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS CO., Chicago.

"How did Bickerham earn the right to put 'Hon.' in iront of his name?" "Someone once mentioned him as justice of the peace."

When coming to San Francisco go to Brooklyn Hotel, 208-212 Bush street. American or European plan. Room and board $1.00 to $1.50 per day; rooms 50 cents to $1.00 per day; single meals 25 cents. Free coach. Chas. Montgomery.

"I wonder why Spain can't float a war loan?" "Because she sunk the Maine."

We pay you $100 if we cannot prove that we can save you MONEY on everything you buy. We are saving the people of the Pacific Coast thousands of dollars every month. For full particulars, address, Gilbert Clements' Sons, 218 California St., San Francisco, Cal., Wholesale and Retailers of Family Supplies.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE Ltd., 930 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

I know that my life was saved by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

A Duel of Blankets.

A returned missionary from southeastern Alaska tells in The Midland Christian Advocate of a strange custom among the Indians of that region:

When a difference arises between two of them, and a friendly settlement seems impossible, one of them threatens the other with dishonor. He will cover the face of his foe with shame. He executes his threat by tearing up a certain number of his own blankets. The only way his antagonist can get even with him is by tearing up a greater number of his own.

If the contest is prolonged, it results in the destruction of all the blankets they have, each Indian destroying his own. The one who destroys the greater number is regarded as having won the fight.

The Fields of Sport.

From the fields of sport we go to bed and get up full of pains and aches. The next night, by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, we are soothed to sleep and get up cured.

Poorly-paid help is likely to take its own pay out of the farm. Only a man who values his position will try to fill it well.

Good Blood Makes Health

And Hood's Sarsaparilla makes good blood. That is why it cures so many diseases and makes so many people feel better than ever before. If you don't feel well, are half sick, tired, worn out, you may be made well by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla
America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Sole Agency **EQUIPOISE WAIST**
Corset and Cover Combined
Bones can be removed for washing. Something new in baby goods. Send for **FREE** catalogue and learn how to dress the baby by using **Arnold's Knit Goods for Infants.** Money refunded if not satisfactory.
MRS. M. H. OBER
34 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Ask your grocer for the celebrated
IXL TAMALES, FRIJOLES, CHILE CON CARNE, CHICKEN SOUP | IN CANS
Manuf'd and Put Up by.... **IXL TAMALE CO.** (Inc,) 21-23 Tenth St., S. F., Cal.
If your grocer does not sell them write for sample tin at 15c; soup, 25c.

BASE BALL, FOOT BALL.
ATHLETIC AND GYMNASIUM SUPPLIES.
Send For Catalogue.
WILL & FINCK CO. 820 Market St. San Francisco.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

YOUR LIVER Is it Wrong? Get it Right. Keep it Right.
Moore's Revealed Remedy will do it. Three doses will make you feel better. Get it from your druggist or any wholesale drug house, or from Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., Seattle.

BUY THE GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS
... MANUFACTURED BY ...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

The Ukiah Hatchery.

One of the most interesting and instructive points to visit in the beautiful little town of Ukiah, the terminus of the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad, is the fish hatchery, which is located in Gibson Canyon, about one mile from the town. There is a well-graded road the entire distance through a most beautiful part of the country, and the trip is interesting enough from every point of view to warrant a visit from every tourist who chances to find himself in that locality.

During the season of 1897 Mr. A. W. Foster, president of the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, being desirous of adding to the attractions of the streams along the line of his road by thoroughly stocking them with fish, caused to be built at Ukiah a fish hatchery, having a capacity of two million eggs, and arranged with the California State Fish Commission to supply the hatchery with trout spawn, with the agreement that the fish should be planted in public waters. The proposal to build a hatchery met with hearty sympathy and support of the residents of Ukiah, and it took but a short time to complete the buildings, dams, etc., and grade a splendid road up the canyon to the point where the hatchery was located. A. V. La Motte was chosen as superintendent, and H. C. Mohn as assistant, and they were soon busily engaged in hatching some seven hundred thousand Mykiss eggs that had been forwarded by the Fish Commission from Lake Tahoe station. These were successfully hatched and afterward liberated in the streams of Marin, Sonoma and Mendocino counties. Two hundred thousand eggs were again forwarded from the Tahoe hatchery in 1898, the majority of which were successfully hatched and planted. In addition to this, many eggs were taken from Eel river by Mr. La Motte, the superintendent of the hatchery, who established a spawning station at Willitts, Mendocino county, about thirty miles from Ukiah. The spawning season at that place commences with the early rains in the fall, and the eggs secured are of the variety known as the Steel Head, while the ones supplied by the State Fish Commission are taken in May and June, are of the variety known as Mykiss or Cut Throat Trout.

During the time the hatchery has been in operation immense numbers of fry have been planted in the numerous streams along the line of the road, the good effects of which are apparent already. Visitors to the hatchery will be received with every courtesy and shown the numerous attractions of the place.

The San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad is the only railroad corporation in the United States which owns and operates its own fish hatchery, and deserve much credit for their enterprise.

The continual whipping of the streams in the northern counties has, without doubt, depleted, to a certain extent, the waters, but it is certain that under the plans now being followed out by the company that within a very short time the three counties above mentioned will furnish fishing equal to that of past years and an attraction to anglers which will be second to none in the State.

HOW POMP WAS CONVERTED

Rainy Sunday at Church, Where He Was the Only Sinner.

Dr. Payson, the famous and beloved preacher of Portland, Me., used to tell the following pointed story:

One very stormy Sunday he went to church, more from habit than because he expected to find anybody there. Just after he had stepped inside the door an old negro came in and asked if Dr. Payson was to preach there that day, explaining that he was a stranger in town and had been advised to go to his church.

"Upon that," said Dr. Payson, "I made up my mind to preach my sermon if nobody else came."

Nobody else did come, so the doctor preached to the choir and the old negro.

Some months afterward he happened to meet the negro, and stopping him asked how he enjoyed the sermon that stormy Sunday.

"Enjoy dat sermon?" replied the old man. "I 'clar, doctor, I nebber heerd a better one. You see, I had a seat pretty well up front, an whenebber you'd say somethin I'd jess look all roun, ter see nobody on'y jess me. An I says to m'self, 'He must mean you, Pomp; you's sech a dretful sinner.' Well, doctor, dat are sermon set me a-thinkin what a big sinner I war, an I went an j'ined the church down home. I'ze a deacon now."—Christian Endeavor World.

One Way of Posting a Letter.

The island of St. Kilda is often visited by tourist steamers in the summer, but its regular mail communication with the mainland, some 150 miles distant, is confined to the annual visits of the steamer which brings the factor and his stores, says Household Words. But if at other times the inhabitants desire to communicate with Great Britain they employ the following curious device: A man cuts the rough model of a boat from a billet of wood, hollows it partly out, places in the hollow a tin or small bottle containing a letter, nails on a deck, and when the wind is blowing toward the mainland launches the tiny craft, having first connected it with a bladder, which drives along before the wind and acts as a tug to the little mail-boat. But the set of the gulf stream frequently drives this curious craft out of its course, and as often as not it reaches the Shetland islands or the coast of Norway, where, however, the letter is pretty sure to be found and posted to its destination.

The Frigate Bird.

Many sailors believe that the frigate bird can start at daybreak with the trade winds from the coast of Africa and roost the same night upon the American shore. Whether this is a fact or not has yet to be determined, but it is certain that the bird is the swiftest of winged creatures and is able to fly, under favorable conditions, 200 miles an hour.

Honors Easy.

"Who carried off the honors at the walk, Rastus?"

"Mr. Sam Johnsing, sah, but de Lawd only knows who carried off de cake."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE YOUNG WIFE'S DEVICE.

"OUT again to-night?" said Mrs. Hayes, fretfully, as her husband rose from the tea-table and donned his overcoat.

"Yes; I have an engagement with Moore; shall be in early; leave a light in the library; good night." And with a careless nod William Hayes left the room.

"Always the way," murmured Lizzie Hayes, sinking back upon the sofa; "out every night. I don't believe he cares one bit about me now, and yet we have been married but two years. No man could have a more orderly house. I am sure. And I never go out anywhere; I am not a bit extravagant. Oh, dear! why is it? I was not rich; he did not marry me for money, and he must have loved me then; why does he now treat me with such neglect?" And with her mind filled with such fretful questions, Lizzie Hayes fell asleep on the sofa.

Let me print her picture as she lay there. She was a blonde, with a small, graceful figure and a very pretty face. The hair, which showed by its rich waves its tendency to curl, was brushed smoothly back and gathered into a knot at the back. "It was such a bother to curl it," she said. Her cheek was pale, and her face wore a discontented expression. Her dress was a neat chintz wrapper, but she wore neither collar nor cuffs. "What's the use dressing up just for William?"

Lizzie slept soundly for two hours, and then awoke suddenly. She sat up, glanced at the clock, and sighed drearily at the long interval still to be spent alone before bedtime.

The library was over the room in which she sat, and down the furnace flue, through the register, a voice came to the young wife's ears; it was her husband's.

"Well, Moore, what is a man to do? I was disappointed, and I must have pleasure somewhere. Who could have fancied that Lizzie Jarvis, so perfectly sprightly and loving, could change to the fretful dowdy she now is? Who wants to stay at home and hear his wife whining all the evening about her troublesome servants and headaches and all sorts of bother? She has so got that knack of drawling that, upon my life, I do not believe that she could speak a pleasant word."

Lizzie sat as if stunned. Was this true? She looked in the glass. If not exactly a dowdy, her costume was not fit for an evening at home, with only William to admire. She rose, and slowly went to her room, with bitter and sorrowful thought, and a firm resolution to win back her husband, and then, his love regained, keep it.

The next morning William came into the breakfast room with his usual careless manner, but a bright smile came on his lip as he saw Lizzie. A pretty chintz wrapper, with a neat collar, and sleeves of snowy muslin, and a wreath of soft, full curls, had really metamorphosed her; while the blush his admiring glance called up to her cheek did not detract from her beauty. At first William thought there must be a guest, but glancing, he found they were alone.

"Come, William, your coffee will be stone cold," said Lizzie, in a cheery, pleasant voice.

Not one fretful speech nor one complaint fell upon William's ear during the meal. The newspaper, his usual solace at that hour, lay untouched, as Lizzie chatted gayly on every pleasant subject she thought of, warming by his gratified interest and cordial maner.

"You will be at home to dinner?" she said, as he went out.

"Can't to-day, Lizzie; I have business out of town; but I'll be home early to tea. Have something substantial, for I don't expect to dine. Good-by."

And the smiling look, warm kiss and lively whistle were a marked contrast to his lounging, careless gait the previous evening.

"I am in the right path," said Lizzie, in a low whisper; "oh, what a fool I have been for two years! A fretful dowdy! William, you shall never say that again."

Tea time came and William came with it; a little figure, in a tasty silk dress, smooth curls, and oh! such a lovely blush and smile, stood ready to

LIZZIE SAT AS IF STUNNED.

welcome him as he came in, and tea time passed much as the morning meal had done. After tea there was no movement, as usual, toward the hat-rack. William stood up beside the table, lingering, chatting till Lizzie also arose.

"What are you making, Lizzie?"

"A pair of slippers. Do you remember how much you admired the pair I made for you ever so long ago?"

"I remember; black velvet with flowers on them. I used to put my feet on the fender and dream of blue eyes and light curls, and wished time would move faster to the day when I could bring home my bonnie wee wife to make music in my house."

Lizzie's face saddened for a moment as she thought of the last two years, and how little music she had made for his loving heart, gradually weaning it from its allegiance, and then said:

"I wonder if you love music as you did then?"

"Of course I do. I have often dropped in at Miss Smith's for nothing else than to hear the music."

"I can play and sing better than Miss Smith," said Lizzie, half pouting.

"But you always say you are out of practice when I ask you."

"I had the piano tuned this morning. Now open it, and we will hear its sounds."

William obeyed her joyfully, and tossing aside her sewing, Lizzie took the piano stool. She had a very sweet voice, not powerful, but most musical, and she was a fair performer, on the piano.

"Ballads, Lizzie."

"Oh, yes! I know you dislike operatic music in the parlor."

The mantel clock struck 11.

"Eleven! I thought it was about 9. I ought to apologize, Lizzie, as I used to do, for staying so long, and, I can truly say, as I did then, that the time has passed so pleasantly I can scarcely believe it is so late."

The piano was closed, Lizzie's work put up in the basket, and William was ready to go up stairs, but, glancing

IT SEEMED LIKE OLD TIMES.

back, he saw his little wife near the fireplace, her hands clasped, her head bent, and large tears fell from her eyes. He was beside her in an instant.

"Lizzie, darling, are you ill? What is the matter?"

"Oh, William, I have been such a bad wife! I heard you tell Mr. Moore last evening how I had disapointed you; but I will try to make your home pleasant, indeed I will, if you will forgive and love me."

"Love you! Oh, Lizzie, you cannot guess how deeply I love you."

As the little wife lay down that night she said:

"I have won him back again! Better than that, I have learned to keep him!"

AMERICAN WOMEN.

Their Shortcomings as Seen in a Paris Drawing-Room.

"The longer I live in Paris," writes Laurence Franklin in the Providence Journal, "the more I am convinced that our women have the largest share of beauty and the smallest amount of training among those one meets in the French capital. They have no conception of the value of that quality which the French call 'tenue,' and which embraces the idea of manners, bearing, and speech. Watch the American girl in a salon, on the beach at Dinard, or in the Casino at Ostende. She is invariably the prettiest, and often the best-dressed; but here her superiority ends. She does not hold herself well; she has a way of throwing herself about which detracts from her grace and dignity, while, although she may not talk louder than her neighbors, her voice carries farther and draws the attention of the crowd upon her. She is, in a word, as nonchalant and indifferent to her surroundings as she might be in the privacy of her own room. Do not fancy, however, that this indifference means unconsciousness. No. As a race we are like the English, notably self-conscious. This may be remarked in any salon where a mixed company is gathered. A French girl gladly contributes her share toward the evening's entertainment, however modest it may be, knowing that her listeners will accept her offerings in a sympathetic spirit, for nothing could be more kindly than a French informal gathering. The American girl, in her turn, 'has not music with her,' or 'is not in voice,' or 'is afraid to play before people,' and most often ends by refusing to do anything for the pleasure of her fellow-guests. The chances are, in fact, that she takes flight into an obscure corner and spends her evening with some chosen man friend. Yet the training received by the two nations would lead one to expect diametrically opposite results. The American girl is allowed to grow up without restraint, mingling with the world at every age, playing tennis, golf, riding, bicycling, developing, in short, like a child of nature. The French girl, on the contrary, is repressed and shaped from her infancy. She must always wear a veil to save her complexion; play in gloves to keep her hands white; and only take part in games that are not boisterous. At every instant she is told to sit up straight, to take her elbows off the table, to walk with her head erect, to talk quietly and only when spoken to; in a word, her training for the drawing-room begins before she leaves the nursery."—Argonaut.

Matrimonial Item.

"Where are you going in such a hurry?" asked Hostetter McGinnis of Johnnie Fewscads.

"I am going to old Bondclipper to ask for the hand of his daughter."

"Which one?"

"That depends upon what kind of a humor he is in. If he is in a good humor I'll propose for the youngest. If he has a cranky spell I'll propose for the oldest."

The Crookedest Stream.

The crookedest brook in America is the No Name Pond brook in Maine, beside which an electric road runs for some distance below Crowleys. The Congo river is no instance to this crooked little stream. It is so crooked that fish caught there have curvature of the spine, according to a Lewiston humorist.

The trouble with too many children is that the education of their parents has been sadly neglected.

AN OPERATION AVOIDED.

Mrs. Rosa Gaum Writes to Mrs. Pinkham About it. She Says:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I take pleasure in writing you a few lines to inform you of the good your Vegetable Compound has done me. I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me; it has, indeed, helped me wonderfully. For years I was troubled with an ovarian tumor, each year growing worse, until at last I was compelled to consult with a physician. He said nothing could be done for me but to go under an operation

In speaking with a friend of mine about it, she recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying she knew it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine, and after taking three bottles of it, the tumor disappeared. Oh! you do not know how much good your medicine has done me. I shall recommend it to all suffering women.—Mrs. ROSA GAUM, 720 Wall St., Los Angeles, Cal.

The great and unvarying success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in relieving every derangement of the female organs, demonstrates it to be the modern safeguard of woman's happiness and bodily strength. More than a million women have been benefited by it.

Every woman who needs advice about her health is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass.

How Bismarck Could Drink.

Count Andrassy's story of an interview he had with Bismarck is as follows:

"Bismarck had two immense mugs of beer brought to us. He took one of them and shoved the other over to me. I remarked that I drank only water. He looked at me in silence, curiously and almost suspiciously for a minute and then proceeded with the subject under discussion. The more interested he became in our conversation the more frequently and copiously he drank. After finishing his own mug he appropriated mine without a word and put down its contents in three or four tremendous drafts. Then he had a servant fetch and fill two enormous pipes. When he offered me one of them, I explained that I never smoked.

"'What!' he cried, 'neither drink nor smoke? What kind of a supernatural man are you anyway?'

"It was a mercy to both of us, however, that I did not accept the pipe, for Bismarck smoked so incessantly that within 15 minutes the air in the room was dense. When I rose at the end of the evening from the table at which we were sitting, the smoke was so thick that I could hardly see the chancellor's face."

A Short Fight.

The damp of autumn nights and mornings stirs up sciatica, and then comes a tug of pain. Use St. Jacobs Oil, and then comes a tug to cure it. It is a short fight and the cure is sure.

A Mean Trick.

Absentmindedly Brooks stepped up to the cashier's desk and paid for his luncheon. Then, accompanied by Rivers, he went out into the open air.

"Brooks," said Rivers, "you'd better go back and settle for your dinner if you don't want the proprietor to follow you out and dun you right here on the street."

"Great Scott! Didn't I pay for it?" ejaculated Brooks. "Where's my check? I haven't got it."

"I picked it up as we left the table," said Rivers. "Here it is."

"Ah, you have come back to pay the other gentleman's check," said the cashier as Brooks went back, stepped up to the desk a second time and handed out a half dollar.

When Brooks went outside again, a moment later, Rivers was nowhere in sight, and there is another unsettled account between them.—Chicago Tribune.

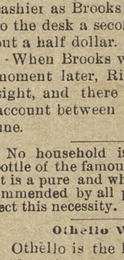
No household is complete without a bottle of the famous Jesse Moore Whiskey. It is a pure and wholesome stimulant recommended by all physicians. Don't neglect this necessity.

Othello Whitewashed.

Othello is the latest historic disreputable to have a good character established. Italian papers claim certain manuscripts concerning the Moor have been found in the archives of a convent in Venice. They are notes taken in 1542 by a Cretan diplomat sent on a mission to the republic of Venice. The writer knew Othello well and vouches for the fact that the lady was never killed at all. In fact, she survived Othello, died a natural death and gave the coroner no trouble at all. So that there never was a tragedy of the moor of Venice.

"A Perfect Type of the Highest Order of Excellence in Manufacture."

Walter Baker & Co.'s



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Matches.

The man who was old enough to know better was chasing up and down a Sixteenth street boarding house, trying to find a match to light a cigarette with.

"Did it ever occur to you," he said to the man who finally found a light for him, "what a boon and a benison the cigarette manufacturer has been to the match manufacturer? Think of it a moment. First, however, give me another match for this cigarette. I don't know how many cigarettes are made in this country, but let us, for the sake of argument, say there are a thousand carloads a year. Well, it takes on an average—another light, please—four matches to the cigarette, and the manufacturer of matches must therefore make 4,000 carloads of matches just to meet the cigarette demand. You may not think 4,000 carloads is a great quantity, but if you knew how hard it was to get one match when your cigarette is out, you would think 4,000 carloads wasn't a few if you had to go around begging them. I have never given serious study to the matter, but, looking at it casually, I should say the match manufacturers owe an inestimable debt of gratitude to the cigarette makers."—New York Sun.

Cash Versus Glory.

An ordinary service to mankind is usually paid for at current rates in legal tender. An extraordinary service, not involving the element of heroism, is rewarded by both legal tender and more or less fame. The highest of all services, rendered at the risk of life, is supposed to receive its full compensation in glory, unaccompanied by more sordid considerations. If, however, the hero of the service last mentioned should not be contented with his meed of glory, but should demand more substantial reward, he may receive it indeed, but at a large discount from the other (and in sentimental estimation more valuable) consideration.

Unlike the butcher, the baker and the candlestick maker, who receive their quid pro quo without a thought of humiliation, either in their own minds or yours, the man who saves your life at the risk of his own is looked upon as almost if not quite disgracing himself by accepting your proffered pecuniary reward, although he may, in fact, be in far sorer need than any one of the worthy trio who simply contribute to your necessities or comforts.—Edward P. Jackson in North American Review.

The Glowworm's X Ray.

The glowworm's light is said to have been shown to be due to the emission of rays similar to Roentgen's. Three hundred glowworms were caught near Kioto and placed before photographic plates screened from the light by several thicknesses of black paper, together with plates of brass, copper and aluminium. A piece of cardboard with a hole in it was placed between the metal and the photographic plate, and for two days the arrangement was kept in a dark chamber, sheltered from all foreign lights. On developing the plate it was found to be blackened, except the part opposite the hole in the cardboard. The rays of the glowworm would appear therefore to penetrate metal and excite luminosity in cardboard. When there is nothing between the sensitive plate and the glowworm, the rays are said to behave like ordinary light, but in traversing some metals and cardboard they seem to acquire properties like that of X rays, or it may be that the ordinary glowworm emits X as well as ordinary rays.—Revue Scientifique.

Swiss Funeral Customs.

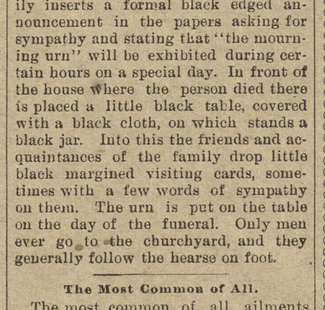
Swiss funeral customs are most peculiar. At the death of a person the family inserts a formal black edged announcement in the papers asking for sympathy and stating that "the mourning urn" will be exhibited during certain hours on a special day. In front of the house where the person died there is placed a little black table, covered with a black cloth, on which stands a black jar. Into this the friends and acquaintances of the family drop little black margined visiting cards, sometimes with a few words of sympathy on them. The urn is put on the table on the day of the funeral. Only men ever go to the churchyard, and they generally follow the hearse on foot.

The Most Common of All.

The most common of all ailments from sports of all kinds are sprains and bruises. The most common and surest cure of them is by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, which is prompt in its action.

Impossible!
If you'd pay your grocer $10 a pound he couldn't sell you better baking powder than *Schilling's Best.* 56

GROVES



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IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.
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Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ABNEY, CARR & CO.

Women and the Wheel.

From the Gazette, Delaware, Ohio.

The healthfulness of bicycle riding for women is still a disputed question between eminent physicians and health reformers.

Used in moderation it surely creates for women a means of out-door exercise, the benefit of which all physicians concede. Used to excess, like any other pastime, its effect is likely to be dangerous.

The experience of Miss Bertha Reed, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Mr. J. R. Reed, 335 Lake St., Delaware, Ohio, may point a moral for parents who, like Mr. and Mrs. Reed, have experienced some concern for their daughters who are fond of wheeling. In the fall of '96 Miss Bertha, who had ridden a great deal, began to fail in an alarming manner. She grew steadily paler and thinner, and it appeared she was going into consumption. Rest and quiet did her absolutely no good. A physician found her pulse at 104—a very high rate. Thinking this may have been due to temporary nervousness when he examined her, he watched her closely, but her pulse continued at that rate for two weeks. He was satisfied then, from her high pulse and steadily wasting condition, that she was suffering from anæmia or a bloodless condition of the body. She became extremely weak and could not stand the least noise or excitement. In this condition of affairs they were recommended by an old friend to get some of that famous blood medicine, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They did so, and almost from the first dose Bertha began to improve. She continued to take the pills and was by means of those pills made entirely well, and more grateful people than her parents cannot be found in the whole State of Ohio.

She Rides Well.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved a boon to womankind. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, they restore the requisite vitality to all parts of the body; creating functional regularity and perfect harmony throughout the nervous system. The pallor of the cheeks is changed to the delicate blush of health; the eyes brighten; the muscles grow elastic, ambition is created and good health returns.

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VALUE IN BLACK SATIN.
75c Black Satin Duchesse, soft, heavy finish, excellent value for $1.00 on special sale at 75c a yard.

AN OPPORTUNITY IN JACKETS AND UNDERSKIRTS.
$5.00 Ladies' Tan Covert Cloth Jackets, fly fronts, faced with cloth, regular price $8.50, on special sale at $5.00 each.
$6.00 Ladies' Taffeta silk underskirts, in all the latest shades, also black, spanish flounce with three rows of cording, easily worth $8.00, on special sale at $6.00 each.

REDUCTIONS IN HOUSE FURNISHINGS.
$4.75 ¼ California White Blankets, full double bed size, made from a fine grade of wool, very solid and heavy; a soft, fine finish, silk bound and unshrinkable; good value for $5.75, on special sale at $4.75 a pair.
50c Bed Comforters, full size, filled with pure white Laminated Cotten, medium colors, worth $1.00, on sale at 50c each.
50c Tan Damask, in both Bleached and Cream, 61 inches wide, pure Irish linen, pretty patterns, heavy and durable, on sale at 50c a yard.

SPECIAL IN GLOVES.
75c Ladies 2-clasp, prime lamb, colors—tan, mode, purple, black, butter, dark green, navy, white and grey; regular value $1.25, on special sale at 75c a pair. NOTE—Every pair guaranteed.

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